

## Practice Exam 3

**1.** (*0 points*) Find the directional derivative of  $f(x, y) = \sec(xy)$  at the point  $(1, \frac{\pi}{4})$  in the direction  $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, -2 \rangle$

**2.** (*0 points*) Find all local extrema and saddle points of the function  $f(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy + y^3$ .

**3.** (*0 points*) Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to find the maximum and minimum values of the function  $f(x, y) = 2xy$  on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 18$

**4.** (*0 points*) Sketch the solid whose volume is given by

$$\int_0^5 \int_{-\sqrt{25-x^2}}^{\sqrt{25-x^2}} (5 - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}) dy dx$$

**5.** (*0 points*) Evaluate each of the following:

a)  $\int_0^1 \int_y^1 e^{x^2+1} dx dy$

b)  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\sin x} \sin(\cos x) dy dx$

c)  $\int_{-2}^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \sin^2 \sqrt{x^2+y^2} dy dx$

**6.** (*0 points*) Find the volume of the tetrahedron bounded between the planes  $x = 1, y = 1, z = 0$  and  $x + y + z = 1$  using a triple integral, then write this triple integral 6 different ways.

**7.** (*0 points*) Set up, but do not evaluate a triple integral in cylindrical coordinates for the volume of the solid that lies above the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + 2y^2 - 2$  and below the paraboloid  $z = -3x^2 - 2y^2 + 2$ .

**8.** (*0 points*) Set up, but do not evaluate a triple integral in spherical coordinates for the volume of the solid that lies inside the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ , bounded by the cones  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, z = -\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  and the planes  $x = 0, y = 0$ .

**9.** (0 points)

a) Find the Jacobian  $\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)}$  for the transformation  $x = u^2v + v^2$ ,  $y = uv^2 - u^2$ .

b) Evaluate  $\iint_R (3x - y)^{3/2} (x + y)^5 dA$  where  $R$  is the parallelogram bounded by  $y = -x$ ,  $y = -x + 1$ ,  $y = 3x$  and  $y = 3x - 1$ . Use the change of variables  $u = 3x - y$ ,  $v = x + y$ .